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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/901,277	07/09/2001	Osamu Nagata	7217/64520	7556
7:	590 09/11/2002			
COOPER & DUNHAM LLP			EXAMINER	
1185 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036			PSITOS, ARIS	TOTELIS M
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2653	0/
			DATE MAILED: 09/11/2002	Ŏ

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			1.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	p
Office Action Comments	09/901,277	NAGATA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAII INC DATE of this communication and	Aristotelis M Psitos	2653	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sneet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONEE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 A	<u>ugust 2002</u> .		
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa			
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> <b>Disposition of Claims</b>	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4.	53 O.G. 213.	
4) Claim(s) 1-3 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		············	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in repl		, <b></b>	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Applicatio	on No	
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori</li> <li>application from the International Bure</li> <li>See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ū	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e)	) (to a provisional application).	
<ul> <li>a)    The translation of the foreign language proving the strength of the foreign language proving the strength of t</li></ul>			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)	

Application/Control Number: 09/901,277 Page 2

Art Unit: 2653

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicants' response of 8/12/02 has been considered with the following results.

Applicants have elected without traverse the invention of Group I (claims 1-3) as indicated in the previous Office action. Applicants have canceled the remaining pending claims in the application.

#### **Priority**

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The examiner recommends some title with the special character "//" to denote the inventive claimed feature with respect to the "separating information".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/901,277

Art Unit: 2653

- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Hui.

Hui discloses a record medium having two "management" data areas; the index file and the directory file – note such descriptors in figure 2.

With respect to the ability of having "separating information" recorded along with the second management data, the examiner interprets such as being nothing more than the well know ability of "delimiters" – see the attached definition of delimiters in the Dictionary of Computers, Information Processing & Telecommunications (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition) for instance.

The use of such delimiters is part and parcel of ASCII code and the use thereof is commonplace, i.e., use of such a code to writ information onto the disc.

With respect to the limitations of claim 2, portioning information, again, use of such information for subdividing a large block of information into smaller blocks is also part and parcel of encoding the files on the record medium, and the use thereof is common place, such as frame #s, file #s, track #s, etc.

Under 102 considerations the examiner considers Hui to inherently posses the above claimed

Application/Control Number: 09/901,277

Art Unit: 2653

"separating data" (claim 1) and "partitioning data' (claim 2).

With respect to claim 3, using identifiers such as "names" in the management data field is also considered commonplace in this environment.

If applicants can convince the examiner that such information (separating, partitioning, names) etc. are not inherently present, then under 103 considerations, the examiner would consider the use of having such would be obvious to those of Ordinary skill in the art, motivation is to use COMMON KNOWN techniques such as ASCII codes for writing, separating, identifying information found on blank discs.

7. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Takaku et al.

With respect to claim 1, the first and second data management areas are interpreted as the either the PTOC and UTOC Information and the "separating data" is interpreted as the special code "^" as described in col. 13 line 5 plus.

With respect to claims 2 and 3, note that portioning data, such as track #s, etc. are contained therein, and with respect to the "names" note that the system allows the user to "name" his selected information.

8. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kajiyama et al.

Kajiyama et al discloses a disc having management data and secondary management data, see the discussion with respect to the TOC and the names of albums etc. – col. 8 lines 51 plus.

With respect to the claimed "separating data" claim 1, because the information is written in ASCII code (examiner assumes such) and in ASCII format the use of delimiter codes are inherently present the limitations of claim 1 are anticipated. If applicants can convince the examiner that ASCII code is not used in the Kajiyama et al system, then the examiner would assume that the code for introduction of information into the systems would be JIS, and again delimiter codes in this language is well known as well.

Similarly, partitioning codes, frame #s, file #s, track #s, are inherently present in the above system as are names.

Art Unit: 2653

#### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Shitara et al is also cited as having two management data abilities – groups, and or sub data, while Okada et al is cited as illustrative of another two management data ability – a/v designations. Van Ryzin is cited for creating customized play lists.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aristotelis M Psitos whose telephone number is (703) 308-1598. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thursday 8 - 4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William R. Korzuch can be reached on (703) 305-6137. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9314 for regular communications and for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Aristotelis M Psitos Primary Examine Page 5

Art Unit 2653

AMP September 9, 2002